





DeFaktS: A German Dataset for Fine-Grained Disinformation Detection through Social Media Framing

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Outline



- What is disinformation
- Why disinformation detection is important?
- Intro to DefaktS Project
- Data collection
- Annotation scheme
- Experiments
- Results
- What comes next

What is disinformation



Misinformation

When false info is shared unintentionally but no harm is meant

When false info is deliberately shared to cause harm

Info that is partially or totally true, but spread with malicious intent

Malinformation

Why disinfo detection is important?

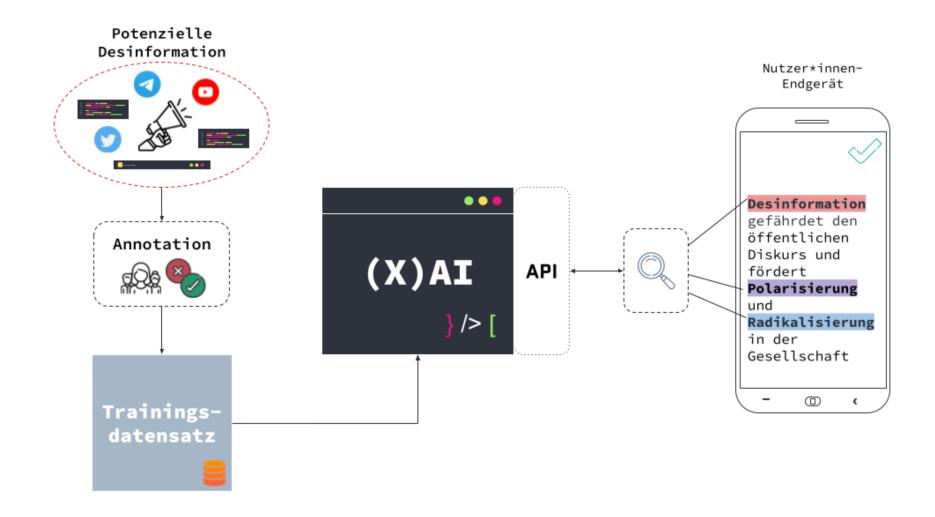


- Disinformation campaigns are designed to:
 - influence public and political opinion
 - manipulate emotions, create confusion, and sow mistrust
 - create chaos, disunity, discord & violence in public
 - disseminate government or partisan propaganda, attack the opposition
 - influence elections
 - deflect or divert discussion or criticism from important issues
 - suppress the participation of certain individuals through personal attacks or harassment
 - undermine trust in media or institutions
 - as tool to war against certain countries



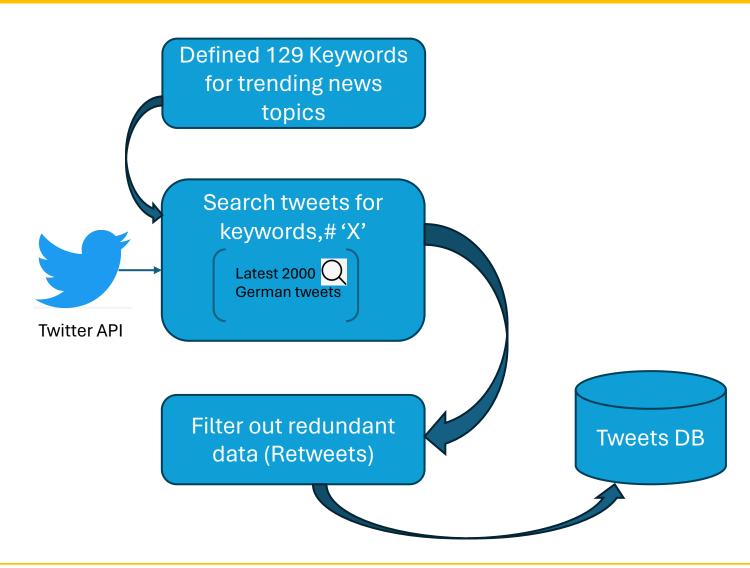
DefaktS Project Overview





Data Collection







Data Stats



attributes	values
Total posts	105,855
Labelled posts	20,008
Unique Users	44,486
Avg Length(char)	187
Avg Length(words)	24
Average Retweets	4
Number of tweets with URLs	65,889

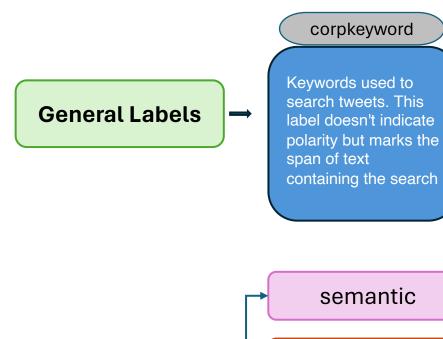


Distribution of Topics in Dataset



Annotation Scheme



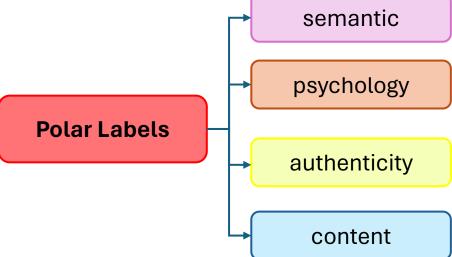


catposfake

Category indicating possible disinfo. This label is attributed to posts that receive one of the polar labels

catneutral

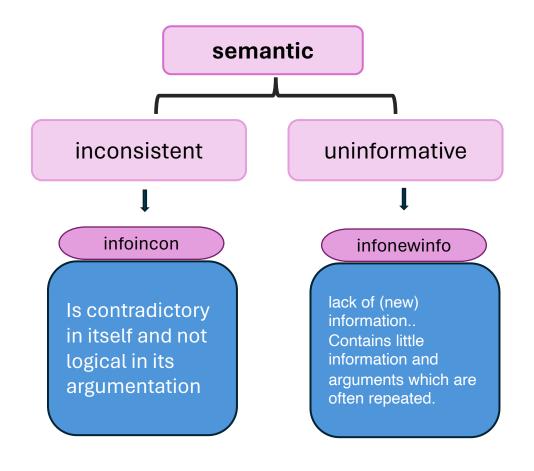
Indicates neutral posts where there's no indication of disinfo. Such posts should never have any other polar labels.





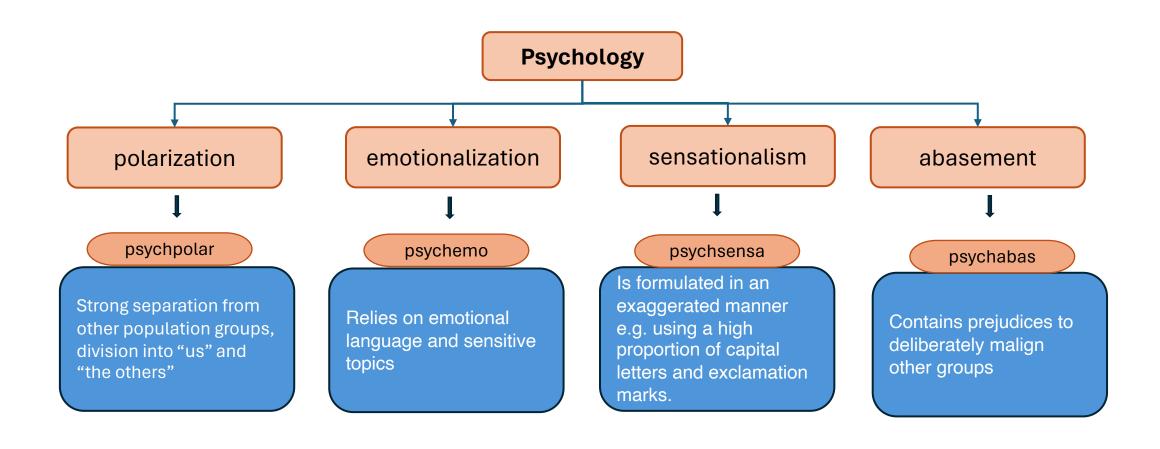
Semantic features





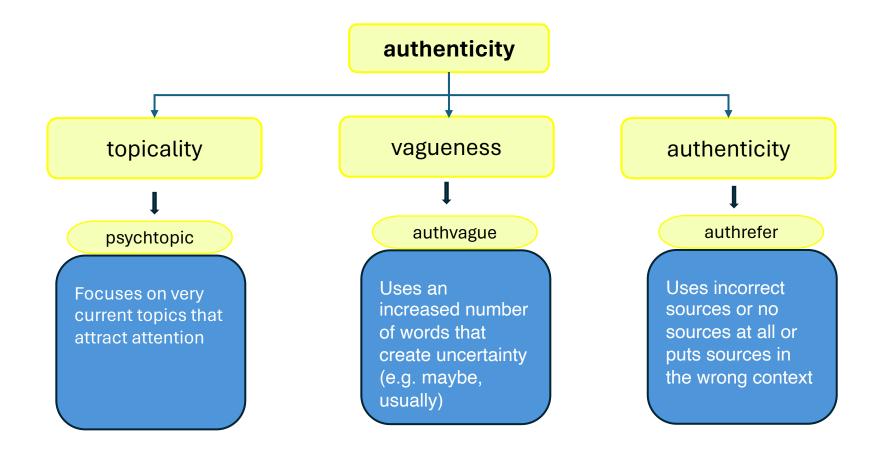
Psychology features





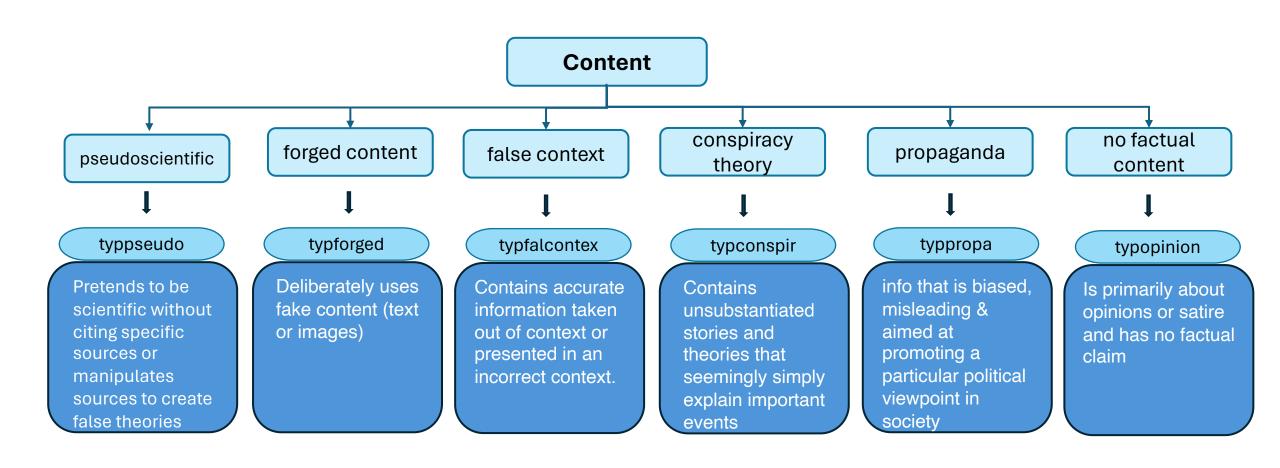
Authenticity features





Content type features





Annotated Examples



#BerlinWahlen2023 psychtopic seitdem Grün regiert bin ich gegen Briefwahl typopinion. Wer auf Wahlplakaten lügt, wer mit Machttöten statt reden möchte, Lützerath, Spaltung, Hetze, den Verfassungsschutz corpkeyword missbraucht psychpolar, egal was meine deutschen Wähler denken, traue ich alles zu, ist unwählbar. 12.2. 51 D typopinion https://t.co/7kuWdY|cIM

#BerlinElections2023 Since the Green Party has ruled, I have been against postal voting. Anyone who lies on election posters, who wants to use power to kill instead of talk, Lützerath, division, agitation, who abuses the protection of the constitution, no matter what my German voters think, I believe everything is unelectable. 12.2. 51 D https://t.co/7kuWdY|cIM

Steffen Kontré sollte sich entscheiden: Parlament oder #Putin.

Ansonsten raus aus dem #Bundestag! #AfDVerbotSofort catneutral

Steffen Kontré should decide: Parliament or #Putin. Otherwise, get out of the #Bundestag! #AfDVerbotImmediately

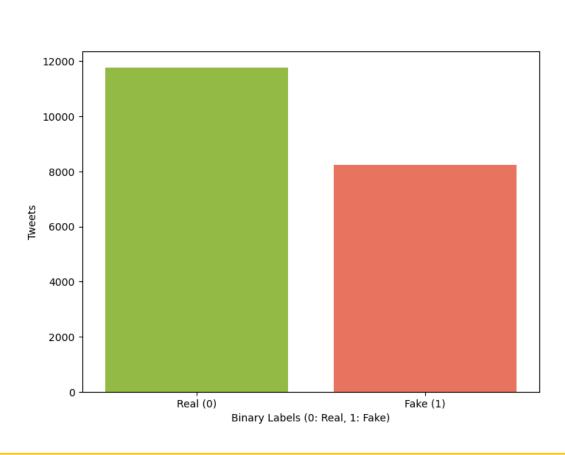
Wie wahr; Die EU fördert statt Kinder und Familie Abtreibung corpkeyword und LBGTQ. infonewinfo Linksradikale psychopolar Klima Hysterie psychemo Immigration. Vor allem werden verfolgte Christen sehr benachteiligt. typopinion

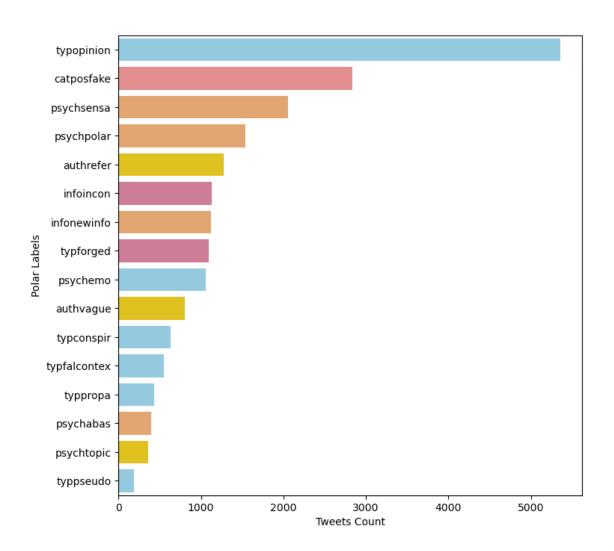
How true; The EU promotes abortion and LBGTQ instead of children and families. Left radical climate hysteria immigration. Above all, persecuted Christians are very disadvantaged.



Label Distributions



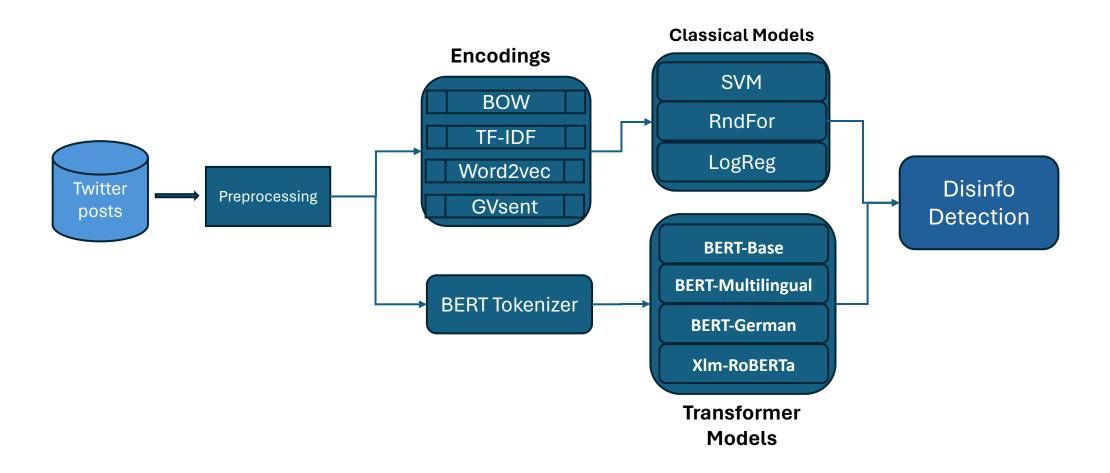






Experiments





Results



Binary Class

Features	SVM	RndFor	LogFor
TF-IDF	0.76	0.74	0.81
BOW	0.78	0.72	0.80
Word2Vec	0.47	0.52	0.46
GVSent	0.64	0.44	0.58

Fine-grained Class

Features	SVM	RndFor	LogFor
TF-IDF	0.40	0.48	0.54
BOW	0.50	0.48	0.54
Word2Vec	0.23	0.27	0.29
GVSent	0.27	0.28	0.29

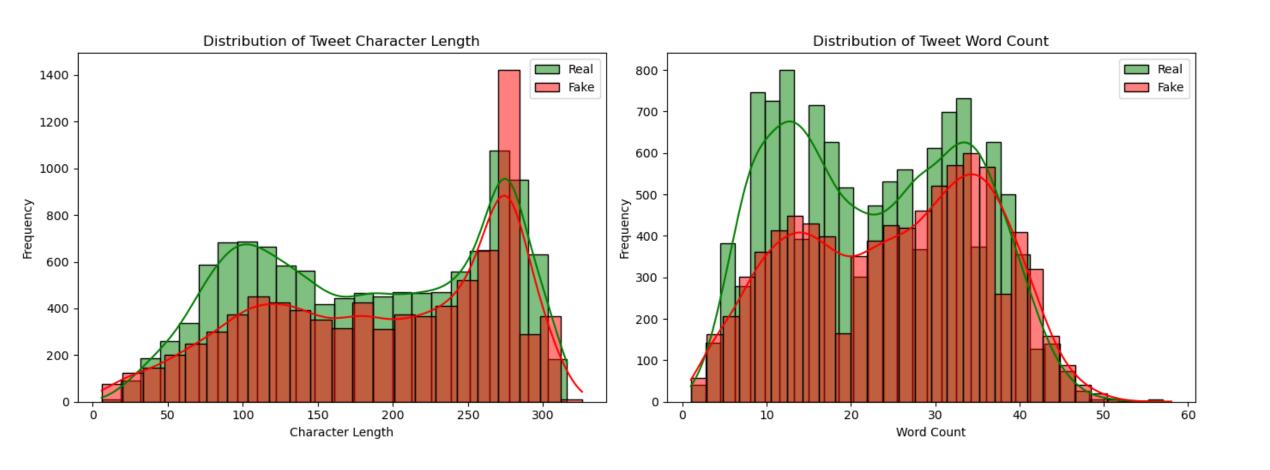
Transformer Models

Model	Binary	Fine- grained
BERT-base	0.78	0.49
BERT-Multilingual	0.80	0.61
BERT-German	0.86	0.65
Roberta	0.82	0.58



Textual Distribution Real vs Fake posts







Tweet activity







What comes next...



- Leveraging advanced LLM's:
 - In-Context Learning and Prompt-Based approaches
 - Zero-shot, Few-shots
 - Instruction tuning
- Incorporating External Knowledge :
 - Knowledge graphs e.g., Wikidata, Wikipedia





ANY QUESTIONS?

