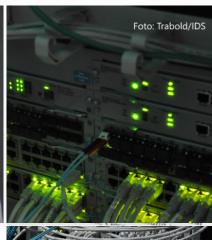
IDS LEIBNIZ-INSTITUT FÜR DEUTSCHE SPRACHE





Paweł Kamocki, Andreas Witt

ETHICAL ISSUES IN LANGUAGE RESOURCES AND LANGUAGE TECHNOLOGY — TENTATIVE TAXONOMY



- often invoked, but rarely discussed
- lack of clear definitions of what is/should be ethical in LR/LT
- other frames of reference are insufficient (different scopes)
 - 'scientific ethos' (Mertonian norms)
 - technoethics
 - Al ethics
- law ≠ ethics
 - e.g. would anyone publish Goethe's poems as their own?
- need for a LR & LT Code of Ethics

TENTATIVE TAXONOMY: THE FIVE PRINCIPLES



Privacy

Property

Equality

Transparency

Freedom

- stakeholders (data providers, users) should be protected against disproportionate intrusion and allowed to keep certain information secret;
- privacy ≠ data protection
- conception phase ('privacy by design and by default')
 - LT tools: no excessive data collection, no unsolicited interaction, user control over privacysensitive functions and features
 - LR: granularity of data collection forms, no necessarily intrusive questions
- creation phase and use phase
 - use pseudonymisation/anonymisation techniques, even data deletion
 - 'ethical' use of data relating to deceased persons (not covered by the GDPR)

- intellectual and cultural property should be handled with respect, in compliance with applicable law, ensuring that any potential harm (evaluated from the owner's perspective) is outweighed by collective benefit;
- CARE principles
- creation phase
 - 'ethical' use of IP-protected data (e.g. 'diligent search' for rightsholders of orphan works)
 - 'ethical' use of cultural property (e.g. indigenous languages) community involvement

- no group of stakeholders or contributors should be directly or indirectly discriminated against;
- conception phase
 - data selection for LR: representativeness and balance to avoid discriminatory effect
 - selection of people for certain tasks (e.g. fieldwork)

TRANSPARENCY



- stakeholders should be informed about the main principles of, and given a possibility to learn the details about the functioning of LT;
- LT outputs should be clearly marked as such.
- conception phase
 - proper documentation of the conception process
- creation phase
 - information of data contributors, with the possibility to learn about the details
- use phase
 - e.g. MT outputs, chatbots, etc. should be transparently marked
- evaluation phase
 - evaluation should be based on transparent criteria

- data providers should be free to contribute their data to LR & LT, and, to a reasonably practicable extent, to change their mind at any later stage
- human intervention should be necessary and decisive in any process involving the use of LT the outcome of which may seriously impact the user.
- creation phase
 - data contributors should be given the possibility to withdraw their data (also non-personal)
- use phase
 - LT should not be used to make important decisions without human intervention

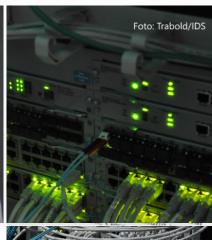
CONCLUSION



- common frame of reference for evaluation of LR< projects
- spark a debate on LR & LT Code of Ethics
 - feel free to contact us at: kamocki | witt@ids-mannheim.de
- use as metadata

IDS LEIBNIZ-INSTITUT FÜR DEUTSCHE SPRACHE





Paweł Kamocki, Andreas Witt

ETHICAL ISSUES IN LANGUAGE RESOURCES AND LANGUAGE TECHNOLOGY — TENTATIVE TAXONOMY

